1	Senate Bill No. 520
2	(By Senator Yost)
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4	[Introduced February 10, 2014; referred to the Committee on the
5	Judiciary; and then to the Committee on Finance.]
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L 0	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$23-1-1$ of the Code of West Virginia,
L1	1931, as amended, relating generally to workers' compensation;
L2	acknowledging that the deficit crisis is over; recognizing
L3	that West Virginia's labor force is its greatest asset and
L 4	resource; stating that injured workers should receive
L5	preeminent and efficient treatment; and stating that it is the
L 6	intent of the Legislature that a rule of liberal construction
L 7	based on any remedial basis of workers' compensation
L8	legislation shall be applied when deciding cases.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
20	That §23-1-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
	ARTICLE 1. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.
	§23-1-1. Workers' Compensation Commission created; findings.
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	Workers' Compensation Fund of such critical proportions that it
16	constitutes an imminent threat to the immediate and long-term

1 solvency of the fund and constitutes a substantial deterrent to the 2 economic development of this state. The Legislature further finds 3 that addressing the workers' compensation crisis requires the 4 efforts of all persons and entities involved and resolution of the 5 crisis is in the best interest of the public. Modification to the 6 rate system, alteration of the benefit structure, improvement of 7 current management practices and changes in perception must be 8 merged into a unified effort to make the workers' compensation 9 system viable and solvent through the mutualization of the system 10 and the opening of the market to private workers' compensation 11 insurance carriers. It was and remains the intent of the 12 Legislature that the amendments to this chapter enacted in the year 13 2003 be applied from the date upon which the enactment was made 14 effective by the Legislature. The Legislature finds that an 15 emergency exists as a result of the combined effect of this 16 deficit, other state budgetary deficits and liabilities and other 17 grave social and economic circumstances currently confronting the 18 state and that unless the changes provided by the enactment of the 19 amendments to this chapter, as well as other legislation designed 20 to address the problem are made effective immediately, the fiscal 21 stability of this state will suffer irreparable harm. Accordingly, 22 the Legislature finds that the need of the citizens of this state 23 for the protection of the State Treasury and the solvency of the 24 Workers' Compensation Funds requires the limitations on any 25 expectations that may have arisen from prior enactments of this 26 chapter. The Legislature finds that the Workers Compensation

- 1 deficit has been resolved and, therefore, the Legislature finds
- 2 that West Virginia's labor force is its greatest asset and
- 3 resource. The Legislature further finds that a worker injured
- 4 during the course and as a result of his or her occupation should
- 5 receive preeminent and efficient treatment to protect and preserve
- 6 the state's greatest assets and resources.
- (b) It is the further intent of the Legislature that this 8 chapter be interpreted so as to assure the quick and efficient 9 delivery of indemnity and medical benefits to injured workers at a 10 reasonable cost to the employers who are subject to the provisions 11 of this chapter. It is the specific intent of the Legislature that 12 workers' compensation cases shall be decided on their merits and 13 that a rule of "liberal construction" based on any "remedial" basis 14 of workers' compensation legislation shall not affect the weighing 15 of evidence in resolving such cases. be applied. The workers' 16 compensation system in this state is based on a mutual renunciation 17 of common law rights and defenses by employers and employees alike. 18 Employees' rights to sue for damages over and above medical and 19 health care benefits and wage loss benefits are to a certain degree 20 limited by the provisions of this chapter and employers' rights to 21 raise common law defenses, such as lack of negligence, contributory 22 negligence on the part of the employee, and others, are curtailed 23 as well. Accordingly, the Legislature hereby declares that any 24 remedial component of the workers' compensation laws is not to the workers' compensation laws to receive 26 construction. that alters in any way the proper weighing of

1 evidence as required by section one-g, article four of this 2 chapter.

- 3 (c) The "Workers' Compensation Division of the Bureau of 4 Employment Programs" is, on or after October 1, 5 reestablished, reconstituted and continued as the 6 Compensation Commission, an agency of the state. The purpose of 7 the commission is to ensure the fair, efficient and financially 8 stable administration of the workers' compensation system of the 9 State of West Virginia. The powers and duties heretofore imposed 10 upon the Workers' Compensation Division and the Commissioner of the 11 Bureau of Employment Programs as they relate to workers' 12 compensation are hereby transferred to and imposed upon the 13 Workers' Compensation Commission and its executive director in the 14 manner prescribed by this chapter.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the transfer of 15 16 the administration of the workers' compensation system of this from the Workers' Compensation Division 18 Commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs to the Workers' 19 Compensation Commission under its executive director and the 20 workers' compensation board of managers is to become effective 21 October 1, 2003. Any provisions of the enactment of Enrolled 22 Senate Bill No. 2013 in the year 2003 relating to the transfer of 23 the administration of the workers' compensation system of this 24 state that conflict with the intent of the Legislature as described 25 in this subsection shall, to that extent, become operative on 26 October 1, 2003, and until that date, prior enactments of this code

1 in effect on the effective date of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 2013
2 relating to the administration of the workers' compensation system
3 of this state, whether amended and reenacted or repealed by the
4 passage of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 2013, have full force and
5 effect. All provisions of the enactment of Enrolled Senate Bill
6 No. 2013 in the year 2003 relating to matters other than the
7 transfer of the administration of the workers' compensation system
8 of this state shall become operative on the effective date of that
9 enactment, unless otherwise specifically provided in that
10 enactment.

(e) It is the intent of the Legislature, expressed through its lead through its lead to the legislation, to transfer the regulation of the workers' compensation system to the Insurance Commissioner. By proclamation of the Governor, as authorized by article two-c of this chapter, the Workers' Compensation Commission was terminated on December 31, 2005. To further the transition from the state-roperated workers' compensation system to a system of private insurance, the duties and responsibilities of the Workers' Compensation Commission and the board of managers, including, but not limited to, ratemaking and adjudication of claims now reside with the Insurance Commissioner.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to acknowledge that the deficit crisis is over. The bill recognizes that West Virginia's labor force is its greatest asset and resource. The bill states that injured workers should receive preeminent and efficient treatment. The bill states that it is the intent of the Legislature that a rule of "liberal construction" based on any "remedial" basis of workers' compensation legislation shall be

applied when deciding cases.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.